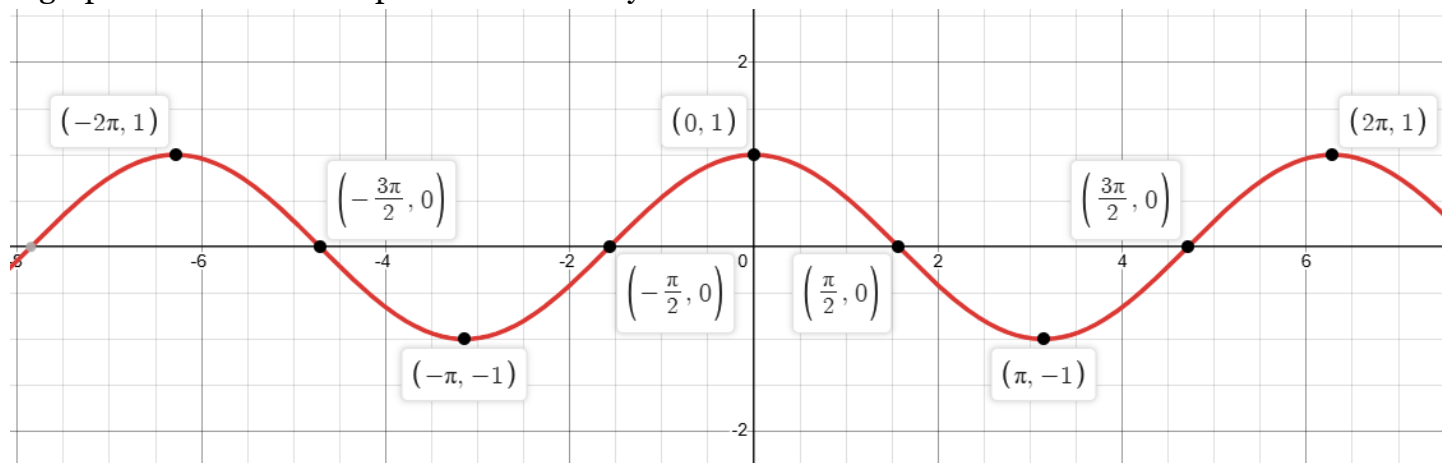




## Competency Based Questions

Consider the function  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = \cos x$ .  
A graph of the function is provided here for your reference.



- Is the function injective on  $\mathbb{R}$ ? Why or why not.  
If your answer is no, what can be done to make it injective?
- Is the function surjective on  $\mathbb{R}$ ? Why or why not.  
If your answer is no, what can be done to make it surjective?
- Is the function bijective on  $\mathbb{R}$ ? Why or why not.  
If your answer is no, what can be done to make it bijective?
- Can you verify the results of (a), (b) and (c) analytically and with the help of the graph?
- Consider the domain of  $f(x) = \cos x$ . Can you find subsets of this domain containing
  - all angles for which the cosine value is 0,
  - all angles for which the cosine value is 1,
  - all angles for which the cosine value is  $-1$ , and
  - the remaining angles?
- Find all functions  $h: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that
 
$$h(x + y) = h(x) \cos y - \sin x h(y)$$
 for all real  $x, y$  and  $h(0) = 0$ .
- Consider the domain of  $h(x) = \sin x$ . Can you find subsets of this domain containing
  - all angles for which the cosine value is 0,
  - all angles for which the cosine value is 1,
  - all angles for which the cosine value is  $-1$ , and
  - the remaining angles?
- Find the number of solutions of the following equations
  - $f(x) = x$
  - $f(x) = e^x$
  - $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$
- A function  $f$  is said to be *even* if  $f(-x) = f(x)$  and *odd* if  $f(-x) = -f(x)$ .  
Express  $f$  and  $h$  as a sum of even and odd functions.